(FILE 'HOME' ENTERED AT 16:40:39 ON 22 JUL 2002) FILE 'REGISTRY' ENTERED AT 16:40:47 ON 22 JUL 2002 0 S 30674-66-1/RN L10 S 30674-66-1/CRN L21476 S 30674-80-7/CRN 102-67-NO L3 1 S 30674-80-7/RN L4L5 0 S ACRYLOXYL ETHYL ISOCYANATE L6 2 S ACRYLOXYETHYL ISOCYANATE FILE 'CAPLUS' ENTERED AT 16:43:18 ON 22 JUL 2002 L7 2 S L6 FILE 'REGISTRY' ENTERED AT 16:43:40 ON 22 JUL 2002 21269 S 108-31-6/CRN/MAI. M rs20 S L8 AND L3 0 S L9 AND 2/NC L9 66638 S 80-62-6/CRN OR 96-33-3/CRN - M M W L10 L11 9 S L9 AND L11 L12 0 S L12 AND 3/NC / 0 S L12 AND 4/NC L13 L14 $c_{0z-cH_{z}cH_{z}}-Nco+Mal.ahydn+2/Nc=0$ عدس عالم

was formed into a film from an 18% DMF soln. to give a sample which absorbed Acilan Direct Blue A and Astrazon Blue B at 0.27 and 0.53 g dye/100 g film compared to 0.23 and 0.05 g dye for a film prepd. from Me acrylate instead of II.

IT 34977-10-1P

RL: PREP (Preparation)

(prepn. of)

RN 34977-10-1 CAPLUS

CN Benzenaminium, N,N-dimethyl-4-[[[[2-[(2-methyl-1-oxo-2-propenyl)oxy]ethyl]amino]carbonyl]amino]-N-(3-sulfopropyl)-, inner salt, polymer with 2-propenenitrile (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

CM 1

CRN 5205-97-0

CMF C18 H27 N3 O6 S

CM 2

CRN 107-13-1 CMF C3 H3 N

 $H_2C = CH - C = N$

L13 ANSWER 69 OF 69 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2002 ACS

AN 1969:29972 CAPLUS

DN 70:29972

TI Acrylonitrile copolymers containing sulfonic groups

IN Szita, Jeno; Bahr, Ulrich; Marzolph, Herbert; Nischk, Gunther

PA Farbenfabriken Bayer A.-G.

SO Brit., 10 pp.

CODEN: BRXXAA

DT Patent

LA English

FAN.CNT 1

PATENT NO. KIND DATE APPLICATION NO. DATE

PI GB 1132665 19681106

PRAI DE 19660728

AB Polyacrylonitrile fibers are given improved dye retention and thermal stability by incorporating into the polymer a small amt. of an ethylenically unsatd. compd. CH2:CMeCO2CH2CH2NHCONHR (I). Thus, 3.5 kg. of a mixt. of acrylonitrile and Me acrylate (II) (.apprx.19:1) was added at 55.degree. under N to 45 l. deionized water (adjusted to pH 3.5 with N H2SO4), followed by successive addn. of 23.0 g. K2S2O8, 102.0 g. Na2S2O5, and .apprx.0.17 kg. I (R = p-NaO3SC6H4), each dissolved in 500 ml. H2O. The temp. was kept at 55.degree. for 4 hrs. and the fine-grained polymer was isolated and dried in vacuo at 60.degree.. The extinction coeff. at 470 m.mu. for this polymer after 20 hrs. at 88.degree. (as a 5% HCONMe2



soln. in the presence of air) was 0.552 as compared to 1.120 for a control sample. The polymer also showed increased affinity for Astrazon Blue B dye. Vinylidene chloride is also used with II as a 3rd comonomer.

IT 27360-41-4, preparation 27360-42-5, preparation

RL: USES (Uses)

(dyeable fiber-forming heat-stable)

RN 27360-41-4 CAPLUS

CN Methacrylic acid, ester with sodium N-[(2-hydroxyethyl)carbamoyl]sulfanila te, polymer with acrylonitrile and methyl acrylate (8CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

CM 1

CRN 47242-55-7

CMF C13 H16 N2 O6 S . Na

Na

CM 2

CRN 107-13-1 CMF C3 H3 N

 $H_2C = CH - C = N$

CM 3

CRN 96-33-3 CMF C4 H6 O2

0 || MeO-C-CH----CH2

RN 27360-42-5 CAPLUS

CN Methacrylic acid, ester with sodium N-[(2-hydroxyethyl)carbamoyl]sulfanila te, polymer with acrylonitrile (8CI) (CA INDEX NAME)





RN 102223-97-2 CAPLUS

CN Pyridinium, 1-[[[[2-[(2-methyl-1-oxo-2-propenyl)oxy]ethyl]amino]carbonyl]a mino]-, inner salt, polymer with 2-[(ethoxycarbonyl)amino]ethyl 2-methyl-2-propenoate (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

CM 1

CRN 102223-93-8 CMF C12 H15 N3 O3

CM 2

CRN 86291-20-5 CMF C9 H15 N O4

L13 ANSWER 62 OF 69 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2002 ACS

AN 1986:187171 CAPLUS

DN 104:187171

TI Ultraviolet spectroscopic determination of copolymer composition in IEM-containing copolymers

AU Brown, Richard G.; Glass, J. Edward

CS Polym. Coatings Dep., North Dakota State Univ., Fargo, ND, 58105, USA

SO Polym. Mater. Sci. Eng. (1986), 54, 690-4

CODEN: PMSEDG; ISSN: 0743-0515

DT Journal

LA English

AB Compn. of isocyanatoethyl methacrylate(I)-Me methacrylate copolymer, prepd. by radical polymn., was detd. by UV spectroscopy of the benzylmethylamine(II) adduct. IR spectrum of I-II adduct homopolymer [101943-72-0] was similar to that of the polymer prepd. from the reaction of I homopolymer with II.

Dio NoTUSE

IT 101943-72-0

RL: PRP (Properties) (UV spectra of,)

RN

101943-72-0 CAPLUS

2-Propenoic acid, 2-methyl-, 2-[[[methyl(phenylmethyl)amino]carbonyl]amino CN]ethyl ester, homopolymer (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

CM 1

CRN 101943-71-9 CMF C15 H20 N2 O3

L13 ANSWER 63 OF 69 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2002 ACS

1985:555725 CAPLUS AN

DN 103:155725

Controlled activity polymers with pendent metribuzin. Effect of structure TI on hydrolytic release

McCormick, Charles L. ΑU

Dep. Polymer Sci., Univ. South. Mississippi, Hattiesburg, MS, 39406, USA CS

Ann. N. Y. Acad. Sci. (1985), 446 (Macromol. Drugs Carrier Biol. Act. SO Mater.), 76-92

CODEN: ANYAA9; ISSN: 0077-8923

DTJournal

LΑ English

Polymers with pendent metribuzin were prepd. from PVA, natural AB polysaccharides, and metribuzin-contg. acrylic monomers. These controlled-activity polymers were characterized by 13C NMR, IR, size exclusion chromatog., light scattering, and membrane osmometry. Release rates were measured in aq. soln. using reversed-phase liq. chromatog. with UV spectroscopy. Polymers with direct attachment to metribuzin through carbamate bonds exhibited slow release rates, esp. at a high degree of substitution, near a hydrophobic backbone, and at low pH values. Polymers with greatest hydrophilicity, spacer groups, urea bonds, and low DS values showed the fastest release, esp. at high pH. Acrylic polymers with amide bonds to pendent metribuzin showed increasingly faster rates with increasing degree of hydrolysis, addn. of spacer groups, and incorporation of hydrophilic monomers. Soil release studies and phytotoxicity tests are consistent with the obsd. levels in water. However, release rates for some systems prepd. from natural polysaccharides appear to be aided by soil microorganisms.

IT 76009-34-2P 98572-95-3P

> RL: SPN (Synthetic preparation); PREP (Preparation) (prepn. of, as controlled-release herbicide)

RN 76009-34-2 CAPLUS

2-Propenoic acid, 2-[[[6-(1,1-dimethylethyl)-3-(methylthio)-5-oxo-1,2,4-(methylthio)]CN triazin-4(5H)-yl]amino]carbonyl]amino]ethyl ester, homopolymer (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

CM 1

76009-33-1 CRN CMF C14 H21 N5 O4 S

ER 35 OF 69 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2002 ACS 1996:73742 CAPLUS AN 124:159878 DN Nonlinear optical material having azo-containing polymer and its TImanufacture Nagamori, Hisatoshi; Tamura, Eri; Yashima, Hideo IN PA Showa Denko Kk, Japan Jpn. Kokai Tokkyo Koho, 9 pp. SO CODEN: JKXXAF Patent DTJapanese LΑ FAN CNT 1 PATENT NO. KIND DATE APPLICATION NO. DATE _____ ___ -----_____ 19940428 JP 07301833 A2 19951114 JP 1994-113534 PΤ AΒ The material consists of (meth)acrylic acid ester-based polymers with mol. wt. 3000-100,000, contg. .gtoreq.0.1 mol% CH2C(R1)C(:0)O(CH2)mR2Ar(R3)N:NA r(R3)B [Ar = arom. group; R1 = H, Me; R2 = NR4, NHCO2(CH2)m, NR4, NHCONH, O, NHCO2(CH2)mO, NHCONH(CH2)mO; R3 = H, Me; R4 = H, C1-6 alkyl, OH-terminated C1-6 oxyalkyl; B = electron attracting group; m = 1-6] and optionally CH2C(R1)C(:O)O(CH2)mR2ArR3. 173610-24-7DP, azo coupling reaction products with diazonium salts _ IT RL: IMF (Industrial manufacture); PRP (Properties); TEM (Technical or engineered material use); PREP (Preparation); USES (Uses) (nonlinear optical material having azo-contg. (meth)acrylate polymer group) 173610-24-7 CAPLUS RN 2-Propenoic acid, 2-methyl-, 2-[[(phenylamino)carbonyl]amino]ethyl ester, -CN homopolymer (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME) CM 1 CRN 86219-42-3 CMF C13 H16 N2 O3 O CH₂ $\parallel \parallel$ PhNH-C-NH-CH2-CH2-O-C-C-Me jou el ANSWER 38 OF 69 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2002 ACS L13 1995:602424 CAPLUS ANDN 123:170508 Electroluminescent polymers containing pendant electroluminescent side chains, and electroluminescent devices containing them IN Cumming, William J.; Gaudiana, Russell A.; Ingwall, Richard T.; Kolb, Eric S.; Mehta, Parag G.; Minns, Richard A. PA Polaroid Corp., USA SO U.S., 13 pp. CODEN: USXXAM DT Patent LΑ English FAN.CNT 1 APPLICATION NO. DATE PATENT NO. KIND DATE 19930201 PΙ 19950509 US 1993-12038 AB An electroluminescent polymer consists of a main chain with at least 2 pendant electroluminescent side chains and a flexible spacer connectling the side chain with the main chain, such that the electroluminescent groups are not conjugated with each other. The main chain can be a

polyether, polyurethane, polyimide, polyamide, polyurea, polyester, polyether ether ketone, poly(N-acylimine) or polysiloxane. Electroluminescent groups are chosen from anthracenyl, naphthacenyl, pentacenyl, fluoranthrenyl, tetrahydrochrysenyl, pyrenyl, carbazolyl, perylenyl, 1H-benzimidazo[2,1-a]benz[de]isoquinolinyl, or 4-(2'-phenyl)vinylphenyl groups.

IT 167859-85-0P

RL: IMF (Industrial manufacture); POF (Polymer in formulation); PRP (Properties); SPN (Synthetic preparation); PREP (Preparation); USES (Uses) (polymers contg. pendant electroluminescent side chains, and electroluminescent devices contg. them)

RN 167859-85-0 CAPLUS

CN 2-Propenoic acid, 2-methyl-, 2-[[(3-fluoranthenylamino)carbonyl]amino]ethy l ester, homopolymer (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

CM 1

CRN 159802-39-8 CMF C23 H20 N2 O3

L13 ANSWER 39 OF 69 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2002 ACS

AN 1995:499874 CAPLUS

DN 123:22208

TI Alkali-developable photosensitive composition and image formation using it

IN Kawamura, Koichi; Takita, Satoshi; Kawamura, Yoshitaka; Akyama, Keiji

PA Fuji Photo Film Co Ltd, Japan

SO Jpn. Kokai Tokkyo Koho, 22 pp.

CODEN: JKXXAF

DT Patent

LA Japanese

FAN.CNT 1

PΙ

PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
		-	·	
JP 07036185	A2	19950207	JP 1993-183023	19930723
JP 3071611	В2	20000731		

The compn. contains a polymer obtained by polymn. of .gtoreq.1 vinyl-contg. benzoic acid deriv. I [A = H, halo, alkyl; X = O, NH, NR5; R1-4 = H, halo, (substituted) alkyl, (substituted) aryl, OR6, OCOR7, NHCOR8, NHCONHR9, OCONHR10, CO2R11, CONHR12, COR13, CONR14R15, CN, CHO; 2 of R1-4 may be form ring; R5 = alkyl; R6-15 = (substituted) alkyl, (substituted) aryl; L = divalent org. group] and a pos. photosensitive substance. Images are obtained by exposing a material having a photosensitive layer obtained from the compn. and developing with an alkali aq. soln. with pH .ltoreq.12.5. The compn. is useful for manuf. of lithog. printing plates, integrated circuits, photomasks, etc. The compn. gave lithog. printing plates with good printability.

IT 163588-53-2P

RL: IMF (Industrial manufacture); TEM (Technical or engineered material use); PREP (Preparation); USES (Uses)

(alkali-developable photoresist contg. benzoic acid deriv. polymer and

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163588-53-2 CAPLUS
RN
CN
     Benzoic acid, 5-chloro-2-[[[[2-[(2-methyl-1-oxo-2-
     propenyl)oxy]ethyl]amino]carbonyl]amino]-, homopolymer (9CI) (CA INDEX
     NAME)
     CM
          1
     CRN
         163588-52-1
     CMF C14 H15 C1 N2 O5
     C-NH-CH2-CH2-O-C-C-Me
                       O CH2
L13 ANSWER 41 OF 69 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2002 ACS
     1995:331225 CAPLUS
AN
     122:226821
DN
ΤI
     Heat-resistant photosensitive resin compositions
ΙN
     Hagiwara, Hideo; Kaji, Makoto; Kojima, Yasunori
PA
     Hitachi Chemical Co Ltd, Japan
     Jpn. Kokai Tokkyo Koho, 7 pp.
SO
     CODEN: JKXXAF
DT
     Patent
     Japanese
T.A
FAN.CNT 1
     PATENT NO.
                    KIND DATE
                                        APPLICATION NO. DATE
     _____
                    ----
                                         -----
                 A2
PΙ
   , JP 06258833
                           19940916
                                         JP 1993-41082
                                                          19930302
     The resin compns, contain a polyamic acid ester having a repeating unit
     R1(NHCONHX)pNHCOR2(CO2Y)2CONH. The compns. have high photosensitivity and
     good coating characteristics. Thus, pyromellitic dianhydride,
     3,3',4,4'-benzophenonetetracarboxylic acid dianhydride, and 2-hydroxyethyl
     methacrylate were reacted, followed by reaction with N-(2-
     methacryloyloxyethyl)-N'-[3-(4'-aminophenoxy)-6-aminophenyl]urea and
     4,4'-diaminodiphenyl ether to give a polyamic acid ester. A resist of the
     polymer and photoinitiators gave high-quality patterns.
TΤ
     162215-88-5
     RL: TEM (Technical or engineered material use); USES (Uses)
        (heat-resistant photosensitive resins)
RN
     162215-88-5 CAPLUS
CN
     2-Propenoic acid, 2-methyl-, 2-[[[[2-amino-5-(4-
     aminophenoxy)phenyl]amino]carbonyl]amino]ethyl ester, polymer with
     1H, 3H-benzo[1,2-c:4,5-c']difuran-1,3,5,7-tetrone, 5,5'-carbonylbis[1,3-
     isobenzofurandione], 2-hydroxyethyl 2-methyl-2-propenoate and
     4,4'-oxybis[benzenamine] (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)
    CM
         1
    CRN 151668-82-5
    CMF C19 H22 N4 O4
```

image formation using it)

CRN 2421-28-5 CMF C17 H6 O7

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ANSWER 27 OF 69 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2002 ACS
L13
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1999:565464 CAPLUS AN

131:206998 DN

Photosensitive composition and presensitized lithographic plate using same ΤI

Ishizuka, Yasuhiro; Hayakawa, Eiji; Oe, Koji IN

Dainippon Ink and Chemicals, Inc., Japan PA

Jpn. Kokai Tokkyo Koho, 11 pp. SO

CODEN: JKXXAF

Patent DT

LΑ Japanese

FAN.CNT 1

PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
		1000000	1000 AF01A	1000000

PΙ JP 11242325 A2 19990907 JP 1998-45214

19980226

The title compn. contains a photosensitive compd. in which .gtoreq.2 nos. ΑB of groups having urea or urethane bonds link through groups having biuret bonds. A presensitized lithog. plate is also claimed, comprising a metallic support coated with the compn. The compn. shows high contrast and improved developability, development latitude, and solvent resistance.

184348-69-4, 2-[N'-(4-Hydroxyphenylureido)ethyl IT

methacrylate-methacrylamide-N-phenylmaleimide copolymer

RL: DEV (Device component use); USES (Uses)

(presensitized lithog. plate contg. photosensitive compn. contg.. urethane or urea compd. from biuret-type isocyanate)

184348-69-4 CAPLUS

2-Propenoic acid, 2-methyl-, 2-[[[(4-hydroxyphenyl)amino]carbonyl]amino]et hyl ester, polymer with 2-methyl-2-propenamide and 1-phenyl-1H-pyrrole-2,5dione (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

CM 1

CRN 184348-63-8 CMF C13 H16 N2 O4

CM 2

CRN 941-69-5 CMF C10 H7 N O2

CM 3

79-39-0 CRN

L13 ANSWER 28 OF 69 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2002 ACS

AN 1999:530653 CAPLUS

DN 131:191918

TI Thermal recording material

IN Miura, Hidetoshi; Kubota, Kiyoko

PA Mitsubishi Paper Mills, Ltd., Japan

SO Jpn. Kokai Tokkyo Koho, 6 pp.

CODEN: JKXXAF

DT Patent

LA Japanese

FAN.CNT 1

	PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
ΡI	JP 11227340	A2.	19990824	JP 1998-34965	19980217

OS MARPAT 131:191918

AB A thermal recording material with a thermosensitive color-forming layer contg. an electron-releasing dye precursor and an electron-withdrawing compd. represented by the formula I (R = H, alkyl, alkoxy, or the like) or its copolymer.

IT 240125-43-3 240125-44-4

RL: TEM (Technical or engineered material use); USES (Uses) (thermal recording materials contg. electron-releasing dye precursors and)

RN 240125-43-3 CAPLUS

CN 2-Propenoic acid, 2-methyl-, 2-[[[(4-hydroxyphenyl)amino]carbonyl]amino]et hyl ester, polymer with 2-propenamide (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

CM 1

CRN 184348-63-8 CMF C13 H16 N2 O4

CM 2

CRN 79-06-1 CMF C3 H5 N O

RN 240125-44-4 CAPLUS

CN 2-Propenoic acid, 2-methyl-, 2-[[[(4-hydroxyphenyl)amino]carbonyl]amino]et hyl ester, polymer with methyl 2-methyl-2-propenoate (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

CM 1

CRN 184348-63-8 CMF C13 H16 N2 O4

CM 2

CRN 80-62-6 CMF C5 H8 O2

$$\begin{array}{ccc} ^{\text{H}_2\text{C}} & \text{O} \\ & \parallel & \parallel \\ \text{Me-C-C-OMe} \end{array}$$

L13 ANSWER 30 OF 69 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2002 ACS

AN 1999:244811 CAPLUS

DN 130:274097

TI Antireflection or light-absorbing coating and polymer therefor

IN Padmanaban, Munirathna; Kang, Wen-bing; Pawlowski, Georg; Kimura, Ken; Tanaka, Hatsuyuki

PA Clariant International Ltd., Switz.

SO PCT Int. Appl., 52 pp. CODEN: PIXXD2

DT Patent

LA Japanese

FAN.CNT 1

11111	J11 I	_									
PATENT NO.			KII	ΝD	DATE	A	PPLICATION	NO.	DATE		
PI	I WO 9918478		A.	1	19990415	WC) 1998-JP3	789	19980826		
		W:	CN,	KR,	SG,	US					
		RW:	DE,	FR,	GB,	ΙT					
	JP	1110	9640		A.	2	19990423	JI	1997-275	552	19971008
	ΕP	9423	31		A.	1	19990915	E	1998-940	556	19980826
		R:	DE,	FR,	GB,	IT					
	US	6329	117		В:	1	20011211	US	1999-319	129	19990809
PRAI	JP	1997	-275	652	Α		19971008				
	WO	1998	-JP3	789	W		19980826				

AB An antireflection or light-absorbing coating with good light absorption in the wavelength range of from 100 to 450 nm, free from footing and intermixing, and excellent in storage stability and step coverage and a novel copolymer therefor are disclosed. The copolymer is an acrylic or methacrylic copolymer comprising a main chain having carboxyl groups bonded to the carbon atoms thereof and, reaction-bonded thereto, at least (1) repeating units each comprising an aminated or hydroxylated org.

chromophore which absorbs light in the wavelength range of from 100 to 450 nm directly or through the -R1NHCXY- group (wherein R1 represents an alkylene group; X represents O or S; Y represents O or an NR2 group; and R2 represents H or a substituted or unsubstituted, straight-chain or cyclic alkyl or phenylene group) and (2) repeating units each comprising an alkyl group having a double bond or an epoxy group. A resist image having high resoln. can be formed by coating a wafer with the above coating to form a bottom antireflection coating, coating the surface of the coating with a photoresist, and then conducting exposure to far UV light and development.

ΙT 222032-28-2P 222032-30-6P 222032-34-0P

222172-98-7P

RL: SPN (Synthetic preparation); TEM (Technical or engineered material use); PREP (Preparation); USES (Uses)

(prepn. and use in prepg. underlaid antireflective layers for photoresists)

RN 222032-28-2 CAPLUS

2-Propenoic acid, 2-methyl-, 2-[[(1-anthracenylamino)carbonyl]amino]ethyl CN ester, polymer with 2-[[(9-anthracenylmethoxy)carbonyl]amino]ethyl 2-methyl-2-propenoate, 2-hydroxyethyl 2-methyl-2-propenoate and oxiranylmethyl 2-methyl-2-propenoate (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

CM 1

CRN 222032-27-1 C2·1 H20 N2 O3 CMF

CM 2

167859-78-1 CRN C22 H21 N O4 CMF

CM 3

CRN 868-77-9 CMF C6 H10 O3

CRN 106-91-2 CMF C7 H10 O3

$$\begin{picture}(20,10) \put(0,0){\line(1,0){100}} \put(0,0){\line(1,0){10$$

RN 222032-30-6 CAPLUS

CN 2-Propenoic acid, 2-methyl-, 2-[[(1-anthracenylamino)carbonyl]amino]ethyl ester, polymer with 2-propenyl 2-methyl-2-propenoate (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

CM 1

CRN 222032-27-1 CMF C21 H20 N2 O3

CM 2

CRN 96-05-9 CMF C7 H10 O2

$$^{\rm H_2C}$$
 $^{\rm O}$ $^{\rm ||}$ $^{\rm ||}$ $^{\rm ||}$ $^{\rm Me-C-C-O-CH_2-CH== CH_2}$

RN 222032-34-0 CAPLUS

CN 2-Propenoic acid, 2-methyl-, 2-[[(1-anthracenylamino)carbonyl]amino]ethyl ester, polymer with methyl 2-methyl-2-propenoate (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

CM 1

CRN 222032-27-1 CMF C21 H20 N2 O3

CRN 80-62-6 CMF C5 H8 O2

RN 222172-98-7 CAPLUS

CN 2-Propenoic acid, 2-methyl-, 2-[[(1-anthracenylamino)carbonyl]amino]ethyl ester, polymer with diethenylbenzene and methyl 2-methyl-2-propenoate (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

CM 1

CRN 222032-27-1 CMF C21 H20 N2 O3

CM 2

CRN 1321-74-0 CMF C10 H10 CCI IDS CDES 8:ID

CRN 80-62-6 CMF C5 H8 O2

RE.CNT 24 THERE ARE 24 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS RECORD ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE FORMAT

L13 ANSWER 33 OF 69 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2002 ACS

AN 1996:753778 CAPLUS

DN 126:24870

TI Photosensitive composition for planographic printing plate preparation

IN Ishizuka, Yasuhiro; Aburano, Maru; Hayakawa, Eiji; Oe, Koji

PA Dainippon Ink Chemical Industry Co., Japan

SO Eur. Pat. Appl., 25 pp.

CODEN: EPXXDW

DT Patent

LA English

FAN.CNT 1

CNT I				
PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
EP 737896	A2	19961016	EP 1996-105633	19960410
EP 737896	A3	19970507		
R: DE, FR	GB, NL			
JP 08339080	A2	19961224	JP 1996-19911	19960206
JP 08339082	A2	19961224	JP 1996-19912	19960206
CA 2173638	AA	19961012	CA 1996-2173638	19960409
US 5731127	Α	19980324	US 1996-629613	19960409
JP 1995-85345		19950411		
JP 1995-85346		19950411		
JP 1996-19911,		19960206		
JP 1996-19912		19960206		
	PATENT NO	PATENT NO. KIND	PATENT NO. KIND DATE	PATENT NO. KIND DATE APPLICATION NO. EP 737896 A2 19961016 EP 1996-105633 EP 737896 A3 19970507 R: DE, FR, GB, NL JP 08339080 A2 19961224 JP 1996-19911 JP 08339082 A2 19961224 JP 1996-19912 CA 2173638 AA 19961012 CA 1996-2173638 US 5731127 A 19980324 US 1996-629613 JP 1995-85345 19950411 JP 1995-85346 19950411 JP 1996-19911 19960206

AB A photosensitive compn. comprises a resin (A) having urea bonds in its side chains and a photosensitive compd. (B), wherein the resin (A) contains at least one resin selected from the group consisting of vinyl polymer resins and condensation polymer resins to provide a coating layer with excellent resistance to solvents and abrasion. The photosensitive compn. is suitable for use in the prodn. of planog. printing plates, integrated circuits, and photomasks. A planog. printing plate produced using the photosensitive compn. has superior press life.

IT 184348-65-0P 184348-66-1P 184348-67-2P

184348-68-3P 184348-69-4P 184348-70-7P

184348-71-8P 184348-72-9P

RL: SPN (Synthetic preparation); TEM (Technical or engineered material use); PREP (Preparation); USES (Uses)

(prepn. and use in photosensitive resin compns. for planog. plate manuf.)

RN 184348-65-0 CAPLUS

CN 2-Propenoic acid, 2-methyl-, 2-hydroxyethyl ester, polymer with 2-[[[(4-hydroxyphenyl)amino]carbonyl]amino]ethyl 2-methyl-2-propenoate and methyl 2-methyl-2-propenoate (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

CM 1

CRN 184348-63-8

CRN 868-77-9 CMF C6 H10 O3

$$^{\rm H_2C}$$
 О $^{\rm H_2}$ $^{\rm H_2}$ $^{\rm H_2}$ $^{\rm H_2}$ $^{\rm CH_2}$ $^{\rm CH_2}$ $^{\rm CH_2}$ $^{\rm CH_2}$ $^{\rm CH_2}$ $^{\rm CH_2}$

CM · 3

CRN 80-62-6 CMF C5 H8 O2

RN 184348-66-1 CAPLUS

CN 2-Propenoic acid, 2-methyl-, 2-hydroxyethyl ester, polymer with 2-[[((4-hydroxyphenyl)amino]carbonyl]amino]ethyl 2-methyl-2-propenoate, 2-isocyanatoethyl 2-methyl-2-propenoate and methyl 2-methyl-2-propenoate (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

CM 1

CRN 184348-63-8 CMF C13 H16 N2 O4

CM 2

CRN 30674-80-7 CMF C7 H9 N O3

$$^{\rm H_2C}_{\parallel}$$
 $^{\rm O}_{\parallel}$ $^{\rm Me-}$ $^{\rm C-}$ $^{\rm C-}$ $^{\rm O-}$ $^{\rm CH_2-}$ $^{\rm CH_2-}$ $^{\rm NCO}$

CRN 868-77-9 CMF C6 H10 O3

CM 4

CRN 80-62-6 CMF C5 H8 O2

RN 184348-67-2 CAPLUS

CN 2-Propenoic acid, 2-methyl-, 2-[[[(4-hydroxyphenyl)amino]carbonyl]amino]et hyl ester, polymer with 1-phenyl-1H-pyrrole-2,5-dione (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

CM 1

CRN 184348-63-8 CMF C13 H16 N2 O4

CM 2

CRN 941-69-5 CMF C10 H7 N O2

RN 184348-68-3 CAPLUS

CN 2-Propenoic acid, 2-methyl-, 2-[[[(4-hydroxyphenyl)amino]carbonyl]amino]et hyl ester, polymer with 2-methyl-2-propenamide and 2-propenenitrile (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

CM 1.

CRN 184348-63-8 CMF C13 H16 N2 O4

CM 2

CRN 107-13-1 CMF C3 H3 N

 $H_2C = CH - C = N$

CM 3

CRN 79-39-0 CMF C4 H7 N O

RN 184348-69-4 CAPLUS

CN 2-Propenoic acid, 2-methyl-, 2-[[[(4-hydroxyphenyl)amino]carbonyl]amino]et hyl ester, polymer with 2-methyl-2-propenamide and 1-phenyl-1H-pyrrole-2,5-dione (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

CM 1

CRN 184348-63-8 CMF C13 H16 N2 O4

CRN 941-69-5 CMF C10 H7 N O2

CM 3

CRN 79-39-0 CMF C4 H7 N O

RN 184348-70-7 CAPLUS

CN 2-Propenoic acid, 2-methyl-, 2-[[[(4-hydroxyphenyl)amino]carbonyl]amino]ethyl ester, polymer with methyl 2-methyl-2-propenoate, 2-methyl-2-propenamide and 2-propenenitrile (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

CM 2

CRN 184348-63-8 CMF C13 H16 N2 O4

CM 2

CRN 107-13-1 CMF C3 H3 N

$$H_2C = CH - C = N$$

CM 3

CRN 80-62-6 CMF C5 H8 O2

$$\begin{array}{c|c} ^{H_2C} & \text{O} \\ \parallel & \parallel \\ \text{Me-} \text{C-} \text{C-} \text{OMe} \end{array}$$

CRN 79-39-0 CMF C4 H7 N O

RN 184348-71-8 CAPLUS

CN 2-Propenoic acid, 2-methyl-, 2-[[[(4-hydroxyphenyl)amino]carbonyl]amino]et hyl ester, polymer with 2-methyl-2-propenamide, 1-phenyl-1H-pyrrole-2,5-dione and 2-propenenitrile (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

CM 1

CRN 184348-63-8 CMF C13 H16 N2 O4

CM 2

CRN 941-69-5 CMF C10 H7 N O2

CM 3

CRN 107-13-1 CMF C3 H3 N

$$H_2C = CH - C = N$$

CRN 79-39-0 CMF C4 H7 N O

RN 184348-72-9 CAPLUS

CN 2-Propenoic acid, 2-methyl-, polymer with 2-[[[(4-hydroxyphenyl)amino]carbonyl]amino]ethyl 2-methyl-2-propenoate, 2-methyl-2-propenamide and 2-propenenitrile (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

CM 1

CRN 184348-63-8 CMF C13 H16 N2 O4

CM 2

CRN 107-13-1 CMF C3 H3 N

$$H_2C = CH - C = N$$

CM 3

CRN 79-41-4 CMF C4 H6 O2

CM 4

CRN 79-39-0 CMF C4 H7 N O

L13 ANSWER 34 OF 69 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2002 ACS

AN 1996:136099 CAPLUS

DN 124:178244

TI A New Polymeric Triarylamine and Its Use as a Charge Transport Layer for Polymeric LEDs

AU Kolb, Eric S.; Gaudiana, Russell A.; Mehta, Parag G.

CS Materials Research Laboratory, Polaroid Corporation, Cambridge, MA, 02139, USA

SO Macromolecules (1996), 29(7), 2359-64 CODEN: MAMOBX; ISSN: 0024-9297

DT Journal

LA English

An ew hole-injecting polymer for an electroluminescent element was prepd. by radical polymn. of a methacrylate monomer that contains an N'-biphenyl-N,N-diphenylamine unit as a pendent side chain. Cyclic voltammetry of the polymer coated on an ITO electrode shows a chem. irreversible oxidn. at 1.2 V. Subsequent cycles reveal that the newly formed species is electrochem. stable. The polymer was used as both an electroluminescent layer and a hole injection layer in single- and double-layered devices, resp. The double-layered device using ITO as the anode, Al as the cathode, and poly[methyl(2-(1-pyrenyl)ethyl)siloxane] as the electroluminescent layer gave bright blue-green light with a max. brightness level of 168 cd/m2 and an internal quantum efficiency of 0.20%.

IT 173865-99-1P

RL: SPN (Synthetic preparation); TEM (Technical or engineered material use); PREP (Preparation); USES (Uses)

(polymeric triarylamine and for hole injection in charge transport layer for polymeric LEDs)

RN 173865-99-1 CAPLUS

CN 2-Propenoic acid, 2-methyl-, 2-[[[[4'-(diphenylamino)[1,1'-biphenyl]-4-yl]amino]carbonyl]amino]ethyl ester, homopolymer (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

CM 1

CRN 173865-98-0 CMF C31 H29 N3 O3

```
ANSWER 10 OF 17 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2002 ACS
L29
AN
     1998:795188 CAPLUS
DN
     130:45293
     Composition for antireflection or light absorption film and compounds for
ΤI
     Padmanaban, Munirathna; Kang, Wen-bing; Tanaka, Hatsuyuki; Kimura, Ken;
IN
     Pawlowski, Georg
     Clariant International Ltd., Switz.
PA
SO
     PCT Int. Appl., 65 pp.
     CODEN: PIXXD2
DT
     Patent
     Japanese
LΑ
FAN.CNT 1
                                       APPLICATION NO. DATE
     PATENT NO.
                  KIND DATE
     -----
                                         -----
                    A1
    WO 9854619
                           19981203
                                        WO 1998-JP2234 19980521
PΙ
        W: CN, JP, KR, SG, US
        RW: DE, FR, GB, IT
     EP 917002
                           19990519
                                         EP 1998-921751 19980521
                     A1
        R: DE, FR, GB, IT
     KR 2000029602
                           20000525
                                        KR 1999-700666 19990126
                    Α
PRAI JP 1997-137088
                      Α
                           19970527
    WO 1998-JP2234
                     W
                           19980521
    A compn. capable of forming an antireflection or light absorption film
AB
    which satisfactorily absorbs radiations having wavelengths of 100 to 450
     nm, is free from the diffusion of a photo-generated acid into the film or
     the intermixing of a resist with the film, and is excellent in storage
     stability and step coverage properties; and novel compds. and novel
    polymers useful for the compn. The compn. contains a compd. which is a
     (meth)acrylic monomer or polymer having at least one isocyanate or
     thioisocyanate group bonded to a side chain thereof through an alkylene
     group, etc., or contains the compd. or polymer which has an aminated or
    hydroxylated org. chromophore which absorbs light in the wavelength region
    of 100 to 450 nm and is bonded to the isocyanate or thioisocyanate group.
    The compn. is applied to a substrate and baked to form a film serving as,
     e.g., an antireflection film. A chem.-amplification-type resist is
    applied to this film, and the resist film is exposed to light and then
    developed to form a resist image with high resoln. Due to the presence of
    the isocyanate or thioisocyanate group in the compd., the film serving as,
    e.g., an antireflection film is cured through crosslinking during baking.
    Due to the presence of the org. chromophore, the film absorbs exposure
    light in the wavelength region of 100 to 450 nm.
ΙT
    216989-12-7P, N-(2-Methacryloyloxyethyl)-9-methylanthracene
    carbamate-2-methacryloxyethyl acetate copolymer 216989-14-9P,
    N-(2-Methacryloyloxyethyl)-9-methylanthracene carbamate-methyl
    methacrylate-methacryloxyethyl isocyanate copolymer
    RL: PNU (Preparation, unclassified); TEM (Technical or engineered material
    use); PREP (Preparation); USES (Uses)
        (compn. for antireflection or light absorption film)
RN
    216989-12-7 CAPLUS
CN
    2-Propenoic acid, 2-methyl-, 2-(acetyloxy)ethyl ester, polymer with
    2-[[(9-anthracenylmethoxy)carbonyl]amino]ethyl 2-methyl-2-propenoate (9CI)
       (CA INDEX NAME)
    CM
         1
```

CRN 167859-78-1 CMF C22 H21 N O4

CRN 20166-49-8 CMF C8 H12 O4

$$\begin{array}{c|c} \text{O} & \text{CH}_2 \\ \parallel & \parallel \\ \text{AcO-CH}_2\text{--CH}_2\text{--O-C-C-Me} \end{array}$$

RN 216989-14-9 CAPLUS

CN 2-Propenoic acid, 2-methyl-, 2-[[(9-anthracenylmethoxy)carbonyl]amino]ethy l ester, polymer with 2-isocyanatoethyl 2-methyl-2-propenoate and methyl 2-methyl-2-propenoate (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

CM 1

CRN 167859-78-1 CMF C22 H21 N O4

CM 2

CRN 30674-80-7 CMF C7 H9 N O3

CM 3

CRN 80-62-6 CMF C5 H8 O2

RE.CNT 25 THERE ARE 25 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS RECORD ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE FORMAT

L29 ANSWER 11 OF 17 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2002 ACS

AN 1995:630118 CAPLUS

DN 123:22145

TI Electrophotographic lithographic printing plate master

IN Tashiro, Hiroshi; Kato, Eiichi

PA Fuji Photo Film Co Ltd, Japan

SO Jpn. Kokai Tokkyo Koho, 57 pp.

CODEN: JKXXAF

DT Patent

LA Japanese

FAN.CNT 1

PATENT NO. KIND DATE APPLICATION NO. DATE

PI JP 07084379 A2 19950331 JP 1993-253695 19930917

AB The title printing plate master has on its elec. conductive support .gtoreq.1 photo-conducting layer contg. (1) a binder resin(A) that is based on a monomer capable of giving CO2H, a monomer capable of giving SO3H, SO2H, or PO3H3, and a monomer contg. heat/photo curable group, (2) a non-aq. solvent dispersed resin particle(B) that is obtained by dispersion-polymg. a monomer contg. a polar group insol. after polymn., a Si- or F-contg. monomer, and a monomer having a double bond at its end in the presence of a dispersion stabilizing resin, and (3) a photoconductive compd. The invention plate master can be used in various printer to give high quality printing without background stains and paper damage.

IT 156623-48-2

RL: DEV (Device component use); USES (Uses)

(binder for electrophotog. lithog. printing plate master)

RN 156623-48-2 CAPLUS

CN Hexanoic acid, 3-[[[2-[(2-methyl-1-oxo-2-propenyl)oxy]ethyl]sulfonyl]oxy], phenyl ester, polymer with 2-[[(2-chlorophenoxy)carbonyl]amino]ethyl
2-methyl-2-propenoate and 1,1-dimethyl-3-oxoheptyl 2-methyl-2-propenoate
(9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

CM 1

CRN 155839-20-6 CMF C13 H14 C1 N O4

CM 2

CRN 155839-16-0 CMF C13 H22 O3

$$\begin{array}{c|c} & \text{O} & \text{CH}_2 \\ & || & || \\ \text{O} & \text{O-C-C-Me} \\ & || & | \\ \text{n-Bu-C-CH}_2 - \text{C-Me} \\ & | & \\ & | & \\ \text{Me} \end{array}$$

CRN 155839-15-9 CMF C18 H24 O7 S

L29 ANSWER 12 OF 17 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2002 ACS

AN 1995:490229 CAPLUS

DN 122:326592

TI Photosensitive composition containing sulfoneimide polymer

IN Kawamura, Koichi

PA Fuji Photo Film Co Ltd, Japan

SO Jpn. Kokai Tokkyo Koho, 26 pp.

CODEN: JKXXAF

DT Patent

LA Japanese

FAN.CNT 1

P

	PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
PI	JP 07028242	A2	19950131	JP 1993-168111	19930707
	JP 3078152	B2	20000821		

AB The compn. contains a polymer contg. sulfonimide group LSO2NR2SO2R1 [R1, R2 = (substituted) arom. group, (substitute) alkyl; L = bond to polymer]. The polymer generates free radicals or acids by irradn. The compn. is esp. useful for manuf. of printing plates without development process.

IT 163427-98-3

RL: PEP (Physical, engineering or chemical process); TEM (Technical or engineered material use); PROC (Process); USES (Uses)

(photosensitive compn. contg. sulfoneimide polymer for printing original plates)

RN 163427-98-3 CAPLUS

CN 2-Propenoic acid, 2-methyl-, 2-[[[[7-[[methyl(methylsulfonyl)amino]sulfonyl]-2-naphthalenyl]oxy]carbonyl]amino]ethyl ester, polymer with oxiranylmethyl 2-methyl-2-propenoate (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

CM 1

CRN 163427-97-2 CMF C19 H22 N2 O8 S2

CRN 106-91-2 CMF C7 H10 O3

L29 ANSWER 13 OF 17 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2002 ACS

AN 1994:711863 CAPLUS

DN 121:311863

TI Electrophotographic photoreceptor sheet used in lithographic platemaking

IN Kato, Eiichi; Tashiro, Hiroshi; Ishii, Kazuo

PA Fuji Photo Film Co Ltd, Japan

SO Jpn. Kokai Tokkyo Koho, 65 pp.

CODEN: JKXXAF

DT Patent

LA Japanese

FAN.CNT 1

PATENT NO. KI		DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
				-
JP 06027750	A2	19940204	JP 1992-201812	19920707

PΙ AΒ In the title electrophotog, photoreceptor sheet comprising a conductive support, a photoconductive layer incorporating a photoconductor compd. and a binder resin, and a claimed surface layer, the latter contains a binder resin(s) (A) and the photosensitive layer contains a binder resin(s) (B). Binder resin (A) contains a polymer component(s) which yields .gtoreq.1 CO2H on reaction, a component(s) which yields .gtoreq.1 selected from SO3H, SO2H, and PO3H, and .gtoreq.1 components which yield thermo- or photohardenable groups on reaction. Binder resin (B) (wt. av. mol. wt. $1 \times 103-2 \times 104$) possesses the structural repeating unit CHalCa2(CO2Q3) [al,a2 = H, halo, CN, hydrocarbyl; Q3 = hydrocarbyl] .gtoreq.30%, and polar groups selected from PO3H, SO3H, P(O)(OH)Q1 [Q1 = hydrocarbyl, OQ2 (Q2 = hydrocarbyl)], and cyclic acid anhydride are present in the polymer chain or at 1 end of the polymer chain. The photoreceptor sheet resists background soiling, has superior desensitization characteristics, and gives highly durable lithog. plates.

IT 155838-53-2P

RL: DEV (Device component use); SPN (Synthetic preparation); TEM (Technical or engineered material use); PREP (Preparation); USES (Uses) (binder resin; Electrophotog. photoreceptor sheet used in lithog. platemaking)

RN 155838-53-2 CAPLUS

CN Butanoic acid, 4-mercapto-, telomer with 2-chloro-5-methylphenyl 2-methyl-2-propenoate and 2-[(phenoxycarbonyl)amino]ethyl 2-methyl-2-propenoate (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

```
13095-73-3
     CRN
          C4 H8 O2 S
     CMF
HS-(CH_2)_3-CO_2H
     CM
          2
     CRN
          155838-52-1
          (C13 H15 N O4 . C11 H11 C1 O2) x
     CMF
     CCI
          CM
                3
               155246-91-6
          CRN
          CMF
               C11 H11 C1 O2
           CH<sub>2</sub>
           - C-- Me
           Me
          CM
                89819-91-0
          CRN
               C13 H15 N O4
          CMF
                        o CH<sub>2</sub>
     0
PhO-C-NH-CH2-CH2-O-C-C-Me
IT
     159320-06-6P
     RL: DEV (Device component use); SPN (Synthetic preparation); PREP
     (Preparation); USES (Uses)
        (electrophotog. photoreceptor sheet surface layer contg.)
RN
     159320-06-6 CAPLUS
     Hexanoic acid, 3-[[[2-[(2-methyl-1-oxo-2-propenyl)oxy]ethyl]sulfonyl]oxy]-
CN
     , phenyl ester, polymer with 2-[[(2-chlorophenoxy)carbonyl]amino]ethyl
     2-methyl-2-propenoate, 2,3-dihydroxypropyl 2-methyl-2-propenoate, methyl
     2-methyl-2-propenoate and 1-methyl-3-oxooctyl 2-methyl-2-propenoate (9CI)
     (CA INDEX NAME)
     CM
          1
          159320-00-0
     CRN
          C13 H22 O3
     CMF
```

CRN 155839-20-6 CMF C13 H14 C1 N O4

$$\begin{array}{c|c} \text{O} & \text{CH}_2 \\ \parallel & \parallel & \parallel \\ \text{O-C-NH-CH}_2\text{-CH}_2\text{-O-C-C-Me} \\ \end{array}$$

CM 3

CRN 155839-15-9 CMF C18 H24 O7 S

CM 4

CRN 5919-74-4 CMF C7 H12 O4

CM 5

CRN 80-62-6 CMF C5 H8 O2

$$^{\text{H}_2\text{C}}_{\parallel}$$
 $^{\text{O}}_{\parallel}$ $^{\text{Me}-\text{C}-\text{C}-\text{OMe}}$

L29 ANSWER 14 OF 17 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2002 ACS

AN 1993:637954 CAPLUS

DN 119:237954

TI Electrophotographic material for color proofing

IN Kato, Eiichi; Osawa, Sadao

PA Fuji Photo Film Co., Ltd., Japan

SO Eur. Pat. Appl., 165 pp.

CODEN: EPXXDW

DT Patent

LA English

FAN.CNT 1

FAN.	CNT I					
	PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE	
ΡI	EP 534479	A1	19930331	EP 1992-116494	19920925	
	EP 534479	B1	19981209			
	R: DE, GB					
	JP 05197169	A2	19930806	JP 1992-310754	19920928	
	US 5670283	Α	19970923	US 1994-279068	19940722	
PRAI	JP 1991-249819		19910927			
	JP 1991-259430		19911007			
	JP 1991-289648		19911106			
	JP 1991-289649		19911106			
	US 1992-952941		19920928			

AB An electrophotog. material for color proofing comprises a substrate, a photoconductive layer and a transfer layer in this order, and is used for prepg. a color proof in a process wherein at least one color toner image is electrophotog. formed on the transfer layer and then transferred together with said transfer layer to a sheet material to prep. the color proof, wherein said photoconductive layer comprises a copolymer and/or a crosslinked polymer particle which contain units having F atom(s) and/or Si atom(s) at least in the region near the surface facing said transfer layer and the surface of said photoconductive layer which contacts with the transfer layer has tack strength of .ltoreq.150 g .cntdot. force, which is measured by Pressure Sensitive Tape and Sheet Test of JIS 20237-1980.

IT 150625-82-4P

RL: SPN (Synthetic preparation); PREP (Preparation) (prepn. and use of, in electrophotog. plate, for reduced tack)

RN 150625-82-4 CAPLUS

CN 2-Propenoic acid, 2-methyl-, butyl ester, polymer with ethyl 2-methyl-2-propenoate, 2-[[(2-methylphenoxy)carbonyl]amino]ethyl 2-methyl-2-propenoate, 2-(phosphonooxy)ethyl 2-methyl-2-propenoate and 3-(undecamethylpentasiloxanyl)propyl 2-methyl-2-propenoate, block, graft (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

CM 1

CRN 150625-81-3 CMF C14 H17 N O4

CRN 107642-12-6 CMF C18 H44 O6 Si5

CM 3

CRN 24599-21-1 CMF C6 H11 O6 P

$$\begin{array}{c|c} & \text{O} & \text{CH}_2 \\ & || & || \\ \text{H}_2 \text{O}_3 \text{PO} - \text{CH}_2 - \text{CH}_2 - \text{O} - \text{C} - \text{C} - \text{Me} \end{array}$$

CM 4

CRN 97-88-1 CMF C8 H14 O2

$$\begin{array}{c|c} \text{O} & \text{CH}_2 \\ \parallel & \parallel \\ \text{n-BuO-C-C-Me} \end{array}$$

CM S

CRN 97-63-2 CMF C6 H10 O2

RN 98572-95-3 CAPLUS

CN 2-Propenoic acid, 2-methyl-, 2-[[[[6-(1,1-dimethylethyl)-3-(methylthio)-5-oxo-1,2,4-triazin-4(5H)-yl]amino]carbonyl]amino]ethyl ester, homopolymer (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

CM 1

CRN 98572-94-2 CMF C15 H23 N5 O4 S

$$\begin{array}{c|c} O & O & CH_2 \\ \parallel & \parallel & \parallel \\ NH-C-NH-CH_2-CH_2-O-C-C-Me \\ \hline \\ MeS & N & O \\ \hline \\ N & Bu-t \\ \end{array}$$

L13 ANSWER 64 OF 69 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2002 ACS

AN 1981:516041 CAPLUS

DN 95:116041

TI Polymeric chelating ligands derived from 1,3-bis(2'-pyridylimino)isoindolines

AU Siegl, Walter O.

CS Eng. Res. Staff, Ford Motor Co., Dearborn, MI, 48121, USA

SO Chem. Ind. (London) (1981), (8), 291-2 CODEN: CHINAG; ISSN: 0009-3068

DT Journal

LA English

AB 4-Nitrophthalonitrile [31643-49-9] underwent CaCl2-facilitated condensation with 2-amino-4-methylpyridine [695-34-1] to give 79% of the isoindoline deriv. I (R = NO2) [78696-54-5], which on redn. with H (60 psi H, EtOH, 10% Pd/C, 25.degree.) gave 90% I (R = NH2) (II) [78696-55-6]. Treatment of II with a chlorosulfonated styrene-divinylbenzene copolymer led to a max. loading of 15% based on the N:S ratio. II with CH2:CMeCOCl [920-46-7] and CH2:CMeCO2(CH2)2NCO [30674-80-7] gave 68% I (R = NHCOCMe:CH2) (III) [78696-56-7] and 67% I [R = NHCONH(CH2)2O2CCMe:CH2] (IV) [78696-57-8], resp. III and IV polymd. in DMF at 60-70.degree. to give 65% III homopolymer [78705-29-0] and 86% IV homopolymer [78705-30-3], resp. The 2 homopolymers reacted with Cu2+ to give complexes in which 94 and 77% of the chelating sites, resp., were occupied by Cu2+.

TT 78705-30-3DP, copper complexes 78705-30-3P
RL: SPN (Synthetic preparation); PREP (Preparation)

(prepn. of)
RN 78705-30-3 CAPLUS

CN 2-Propenoic acid, 2-methyl-, 2-[[[[3-[(4-methyl-2-pyridinyl)amino]-1-[(4-methyl-2-pyridinyl)imino]-1H-isoindol-5-yl]amino]carbonyl]amino]ethyl ester, homopolymer (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

CM 1

CRN 78696-57-8 CMF C27 H27 N7 O3

*** FRAGMENT DIAGRAM IS INCOMPLETE ***

RN 78705-30-3 CAPLUS

CN 2-Propenoic acid, 2-methyl-, 2-[[[[3-[(4-methyl-2-pyridinyl)amino]-1-[(4-methyl-2-pyridinyl)imino]-1H-isoindol-5-yl]amino]carbonyl]amino]ethyl ester, homopolymer (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

CM 1

CRN 78696-57-8 CMF C27 H27 N7 O3

$$\begin{array}{c|c} & & & & \\ & & & \\ & & & \\ & & & \\ & & \\ \text{Me}-\text{C}-\text{C}-\text{O}-\text{CH}_2-\text{CH}_2-\text{NH}-\text{C}-\text{NH} \end{array}$$

*** FRAGMENT DIAGRAM IS INCOMPLETE ***

L13 ANSWER 65 OF 69 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2002 ACS

AN 1981:97833 CAPLUS

DN 94:97833

TI Controlled activity polymers with labile bonds to pendent metribuzin

AU McCormick, C. L.; Fooladi, M. M.

CS Dep. Polym. Sci., Univ. South. Mississippi, Hattiesburg, MS, USA

SO Controlled Release Bioact. Mater., [Symp. Int. Meet. Controlled Release Soc.], 6th (1980), Meeting Date 1979, 317-30. Editor(s): Baker, Richard W. Publisher: Academic, New York, N. Y.

CODEN: 44VLAG

DT Conference

LA English

The synthesis, characterization, and hydrolysis of metribuzin (I) [21087-64-9]-contg. polymers with carbamate, urea, and amide bonds are described. The electronic nature of the triazine ring and its proximity to the urea or amide bond leads to rapid rates of hydrolysis in distd. water. Polymers prepd. from the methacrylic monomer exhibited release rates similar to those prepd. from the acrylic monomer.

IT 76009-34-2

RL: RCT (Reactant)

(characterization and hydrolysis and synthesis of)

RN 76009-34-2 CAPLUS

CN 2-Propenoic acid, 2-[[[[6-(1,1-dimethylethyl)-3-(methylthio)-5-oxo-1,2,4-triazin-4(5H)-yl]amino]carbonyl]amino]ethyl ester, homopolymer (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

CM 1

CRN 76009-33-1 CMF C14 H21 N5 O4 S

L13 ANSWER 66 OF 69 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2002 ACS

AN 1981:42655 CAPLUS

DN 94:42655

TI Pesticide-polymer systems prepared from vinyl monomers

IN McCormick, Charles L.

PA USA

SO U.S., 10 pp. CODEN: USXXAM

DT Patent

LA English

FAN.CNT 1

PΙ

PATENT NO. KIND DATE APPLICATION NO. DATE
US 4225693 A 19800930 US 1978-932724 19780810

AB An acrylic acid deriv. is reacted with a pesticide or a pesticide deriv. having an active H, to give a vinyl monomer, which upon polymn. gives a controlled-release pesticide polymer. Thus, 200 parts THF, 7.2 parts acrylamide [79-06-1], and 15 parts trimethylpyridine were heated to 30-5.degree. for 0.5 h, followed by the addn. of 50 parts THF and 25 parts 2,4-D acid chloride [774-74-3], to give I [76009-19-3], m. 120.degree..

I was polymd. in the presence of Bz202 to give a 2,4-D-releasing polymer. 76009-34-2P

RL: SPN (Synthetic preparation); PREP (Preparation) (prepn. of, as controlled-release pesticide polymer)

RN 76009-34-2 CAPLUS

CN 2-Propenoic acid, 2-[[[[6-(1,1-dimethylethyl)-3-(methylthio)-5-oxo-1,2,4-triazin-4(5H)-yl]amino]carbonyl]amino]ethyl ester, homopolymer (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

CM 1

IT

CRN 76009-33-1 CMF C14 H21 N5 O4 S

L13 ANSWER 67 OF 69 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2002 ACS

AN 1973:85651 CAPLUS

DN 78:85651

TI Synthesis of new unsaturated comonomers and their copolymerization with acrylonitrile

AU Bahr, Ulrich; Wieden, Horst; Rinkler, Heinrich August; Nischk, Guenther

CS Org.-Wiss. Lab., Farbenfabr. Bayer A.-G., Dormagen/Rhein, Ger.

SO Makromol. Chem. (1972), 161, 1-47 CODEN: MACEAK

Journal

DT Journa LA German

Methacrylates and methacrylamides contg. tertiary amino, pyridyl, and AB picolinyl substituents, methacrylic acid hydrazides, unsatd. compds. contg. the [2[(2,2-dimethylhydrazino)carbonyl]phenyl]carbamoyl group, unsatd. derivs. of oxalic acid hydrazide, ammonium salts and sulfobetaines of all these compds., and unsatd. semicarbazide derivs. and their quaternized salts were prepd. and copolymd. with acrylonitrile to give fiber-forming copolymers with high hydrophilicity and improved acid dyeability and, or the sulfobetaines, basic dyeability. Typical compds. prepd. were N-(2-methacryloyloxyethyl)-N'-[3-(diethylamino)propyl]urea [37780-53-3], 3-(1,1-dimethyl-2-methacryloyl-1-hydrazinium)-1propanesulfonate [19659-68-8], 3-(methacrylamido)benzoic acid N', N'-dimethylhydrazide [14613-10-6], oxalic acid N-[(methacrylamido)methyl]amide N,N'-dimethylhydrazide [14254-32-1], and N1-(2-methacryloyloxyethyl)-N3,N3-dimethylsemicarbazide [13041-22-0]. Heat-crimpable fibers were prepd. by cospinning the modified acrylic polymers with acrylonitrile copolymers contg. no ionic groups.

IT 34977-10-1P 40854-41-9P 40854-42-0P 40854-43-1P 40854-44-2P 40854-45-3P

RN 34977-10-1 CAPLUS

CN Benzenaminium, N, N-dimethyl-4-[[[[2-[(2-methyl-1-oxo-2-

propenyl)oxy]ethyl]amino]carbonyl]amino]-N-(3-sulfopropyl)-, inner salt, polymer with 2-propenenitrile (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

CM 1

CRN 5205-97-0 CMF C18 H27 N3 O6 S

CM 2

CRN 107-13-1 CMF C3 H3 N

 $H_2C = CH - C = N$

RN 40854-41-9 CAPLUS

CN 2-Propenoic acid, 2-methyl-, 2-[[(2-pyridinylamino)carbonyl]amino]ethyl ester, polymer with 2-propenenitrile (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

CM 1

CRN 13001-27-9 CMF C12 H15 N3 O3

CM 2

CRN 107-13-1 CMF C3 H3 N

 $H_2C = CH - C = N$

RN 40854-42-0 CAPLUS

CN 2-Propenoic acid, 2-methyl-, 2-[[(2-pyridinylamino)carbonyl]amino]ethyl ester, polymer with methyl 2-propenoate and 2-propenenitrile (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

CM 1

CRN 13001-27-9 CMF C12 H15 N3 O3

CM 2

CRN 107-13-1 CMF C3 H3 N

 $H_2C = CH - C = N$

CM 3

CRN 96-33-3 CMF C4 H6 O2

RN 40854-43-1 CAPLUS

CN 2-Propenoic acid, 2-methyl-, 2-[[[(6-methyl-2-pyridinyl)amino]carbonyl]amino]ethyl ester, polymer with 2-propenenitrile (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

CM 1

CRN 13041-21-9 CMF C13 H17 N3 O3

CM 2

CRN 107-13-1 CMF C3 H3 N

RN 40854-44-2 CAPLUS

CN 2-Propenoic acid, 2-methyl-, 2-[[[(6-methyl-2-pyridinyl)amino]carbonyl]amino]ethyl ester, polymer with methyl 2-propenoate and 2-propenenitrile (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

CM 1

CRN 13041-21-9 CMF C13 H17 N3 O3

CM 2

CRN 107-13-1 CMF C3 H3 N

$$H_2C = CH - C = N$$

CM 3

CRN 96-33-3 CMF C4 H6 O2

RN 40854-45-3 CAPLUS

CN 2-Propenoic acid, 2-methyl-, 2-[[[(6-methyl-2-pyridinyl)amino]carbonyl]amino]ethyl ester, polymer with 4-methylbenzenesulfonic acid, methyl 2-propenoate and 2-propenenitrile (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

CM 1

CRN 13041-21-9 CMF C13 H17 N3 O3

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CM 2
```

CRN 107-13-1 CMF C3 H3 N

$H_2C = CH - C = N$

CM 3

CRN 104-15-4 CMF C7 H8 O3 S

CM 4

CRN 96-33-3 CMF C4 H6 O2

L13 ANSWER 68 OF 69 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2002 ACS

AN 1972:15194 CAPLUS

DN 76:15194

TI Copolymers of acrylonitrile with sulfobetaines

IN Szita, Jeno; Bahr, Ulrich; Wieden, Horst; Marzolph, Herbert; Nischk,
Gunther

PA Farbenfabriken Bayer A.-G.

SO Brit. Amended, 10 pp. See Belg. 659,316, CA 64, 3805e. CODEN: BSXXAH

DT Patent

LA English

FAN.CNT 1

PATENT NO. KIND DATE APPLICATION NO. DATE

PI GB 1024029 19690514

PRAI DE 19640206

ACTYLONITE (I) was copolymerized with 1-10 wt. percent of [2-(methacryloyloxy)ethyl]dimethyl(3-sulfopropyl)ammonium hydroxide inner salt (II), [2-(methacryloylamino)ethyl]dimethyl(3-sulfopropyl)ammonium hydroxide inner salt, or 2-[3-[.alpha.-(methacryloyloxy)ethyl]ureido]-1-(3-sulfopropyl)pyridinium hydroxide inner salt to give copolymers, useful in the manufacture of dyeable films and fibers. Thus, a pH 3.5 H2SO4 soln. of a 95:5(wt. ratio) I-II mixt. was polymerized 3 hr at 50.deg. in the presence of Na2S2O5 and K2S2O8 to give acrilonitrile-[2-(methacryloyloxy)ethyl]dimethyl(3-sulfopropyl)ammonium hydroxide inner salt copolymer (III) [33503-29-6] at 90% conversion (K-value 83.7). III

CRN 140-88-5 CMF C5 H8 O2

L13 ANSWER 60 OF 69 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2002 ACS

AN 1986:452114 CAPLUS

DN 105:52114

TI Polymeric coupler lattices for use in color photographic silver halide elements

AU Monbaliu, Marcel; Dierckx, Jozef; Van de Sande, Christian

CS Agfa-Gevaert N. V., Neth.

SO Res. Discl. (1986), 265, 248-50 CODEN: RSDSBB; ISSN: 0374-4353

DT Journal

LA English

AB A polymeric coupler lattice which can be used in .gtoreq.1 Ag halide emulsion layer or other hydrophilic colloid layer of a photog. element has a recurring unit derived from a monomer QR where Q is a phenol or naphthol moiety capable of forming a yellow dye, a pyrazolone or indazolone coupler moiety forming a magenta dye, a pyrazolone coupler moiety forming a colorless compd., and R = NHCONH(CH2)2OCOC(CH3):CH2. Thus, a suspension contg. H2O 360 mL, I 32 g, and 10% aq. Na oleylmethyltauride 24 mL was heated to 90.degree., mixed with 10 mL 1% aq. Na 4,4-dicyano-4,4'-azopentanoic acid, heated at 90.degree. for 5 min, mixed with Bu acrylate 48 g, 1% aq. Na 4,4-dicyano-4,4'-azopentanoic acid and refluxed 30 min to give 430 g of the latex having a polymer content of 16.6 g/100 g of latex and an av. particle size of 51 nm.

IT 103134-50-5P

RL: PREP (Preparation)
 (prepn. of, for color photog. materials)

RN 103134-50-5 CAPLUS

CN 2-Propenoic acid, 2-methyl-, 2-[[[(4,5-dihydro-5-oxo-1-phenyl-1H-pyrazol-3-yl)amino]carbonyl]amino]ethyl ester, polymer with butyl 2-propenoate (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

CM 1

CRN 103134-49-2 CMF C16 H18 N4 O4

CM 2

CRN 141-32-2 CMF C7 H12 O2 N.Z.

O || n-BuO-C-CH== CH₂

L13 ANSWER 61 OF 69 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2002 ACS

AN 1986:216527 CAPLUS

DN 104:216527

TI Polymeric pyridinium ylide and its products

IN Taylor, Lloyd D.; Haubs, Michael Karl Josef

PA Polaroid Corp. , USA

SO Eur. Pat. Appl., 44 pp.

CODEN: EPXXDW

DT Patent

LA English

FAN.CNT 1

iniv.c.	PAI	TENT NO.		KIND	DATE	AP	PLICATION NO.	DATE
		164100 164100		A2 A3	19851211 19870805	EP	1985-106888	19850605
		164100		В1	19930414			
		R: BE, I	Έ, :	FR, GB	, IT, SE			
Ţ	US	4617253		Α	19861014	US	1984-617726	19840606
1	AU	8543309		A1	19851212	AU	1985-43309	19850605
i	ΑU	570116		В2	19880303			
	JР	61009410		A2	19860117	JP	1985-122354	19850605
,	JΡ	05048270		B4	19930721			
(CA	1258653		A1	19890822	CA	1985-483186	19850605
Ţ	US	4670528		Α	19870602	US	1986-879394	19860627
1	AU	8810290		A1	19880428	AU	1988-10290	19880114
7	AU	591373		B2	19891130			
(CA	1260649		A2	19890926	CA	1989-591570	19890220
PRAI (US	1984-61772	6		19840606			
(CA	1985-48318	6		19850605			

OS CASREACT 104:216527

Pyridinium ylide-contg. polymers are exposed to actinic radiation to produce water-insol. or hydrophobic N-acyldiazepine polymers for the prodn. of printing plates, photoresists, and printed circuit boards as well as the waterproofing or hydrophobization of surfaces. Thus, N-(2-hydroxypropyl)methacrylamide was reacted with N,N'-carbonyldimidazole and the resulting amido compd. reacted with 1-aminopyridinium chloride in the presence of K2CO3 to give I, dissolved in H2O, azobis(4-cyanopentanoic acid) added, and heated to 70.degree. in the absence of O to give a I homopolymer. A 3% aq. soln. of the I homopolymer was spin-coated on a Si wafer, exposed to a UV lamp through a photomask and developed in a H2O bath to give an image showing good resoln. of lines of 2.5 .mu. spacing. The adhesion of the polymeric image to the water surface was also found to be excellent.

IT 102223-94-9 102223-97-2

RL: USES (Uses)

(photosensitive compns. contg., for prodn. of hydrophobic patterns)

RN 102223-94-9 CAPLUS

CN Pyridinium, 1-[[[[2-[(2-methyl-1-oxo-2-propenyl)oxy]ethyl]amino]carbonyl]a mino]-, inner salt, homopolymer (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

CM 1

CRN 102223-93-8 CMF C12 H15 N3 O3

CRN 100-42-5 CMF C8 H8

 $H_2C = CH - Ph$

CM 4

CRN 97-90-5 CMF C10 H14 O4

L13 ANSWER 56 OF 69 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2002 ACS

AN 1987:600537 CAPLUS

DN 107:200537

TI Stable dispersion coating compositions

IN Miyazono, Tadafumi; Kashiwara, Akio; Ishikura, Shinichi

PA Nippon Paint Co., Ltd., Japan

SO Jpn. Kokai Tokkyo Koho, 8 pp.

CODEN: JKXXAF

DT Patent

LA Japanese

FAN.CNT 1

PΙ

PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
JP 62167366	A2	19870723	JP 1986-8444	19860117
JP 06096692	RΔ	19941130		

The title compns. contain binders, liq. media, crosslinked, insol. resin particles (av. diam. 0.01-10 .mu.), and compd. contg. groups with mol. cohesive energy >6500 cal/mol. A dispersion of 20 parts 30:35:35 Bu acrylate-ethylene glycol dimethacrylate-styrene copolymer particles (av. diam. 90 m.mu.) in 10 parts MeOCH2CH2OH and 70 parts xylene was mixed with a 50% polymer soln. (from styrene 300, 2-ethylhexyl methacrylate 400, 2-ethylhexyl acrylate 107, 2-hydroxyethyl methacrylate 162, and methacrylic acid 31 parts) 280, U-Van 20SE-60 120, and ethanolamine-hexamethylene diisocyanate adduct 20 parts were mixed and thinned with xylene to Ford Cup No. 4 viscosity 25 s to give a compn. stable for >1 wk at 20.degree..

IT 110782-99-5

RL: TEM (Technical or engineered material use); USES (Uses) (coatings, high-solids, storage-stable)

RN 110782-99-5 CAPLUS

CN 2-Propenoic acid, 2-methyl-, polymer with ethenylbenzene, 2-ethylhexyl 2-methyl-2-propenoate, 2-ethylhexyl 2-propenoate, 2-hydroxyethyl 2-methyl-2-propenoate and 2-[[[(phenylmethyl)amino]carbonyl]amino]ethyl

2-methyl-2-propenoate (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

CM 1

CRN 110782-91-7 CMF C14 H18 N2 O3

CM 2

CRN 868-77-9 CMF C6 H10 O3

CM 3

CRN 688-84-6 CMF C12 H22 O2

CM 4

CRN 103-11-7 CMF C11 H20 O2

$$\begin{array}{c} \text{O} \\ \parallel \\ \text{CH}_2\text{--O-C-CH} = \text{CH}_2 \\ \parallel \\ \text{Et-CH-Bu-n} \end{array}$$

CM 5

CRN 100-42-5 CMF C8 H8

 $H_2C = CH - Ph$

CRN 79-41-4 CMF C4 H6 O2

CH₂ || Me-C-CO₂H

L13 ANSWER 57 OF 69 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2002 ACS

AN 1987:578254 CAPLUS

DN 107:178254

TI High-solids coating compositions

IN Miyazono, Tadafumi; Kashiwara, Akio; Ishikura, Shinichi

PA Nippon Paint Co., Ltd., Japan

SO Jpn. Kokai Tokkyo Koho, 9 pp.

CODEN: JKXXAF

DT Patent

LA Japanese

FAN.CNT 2

	PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
PI	JP 62167367	A2	19870723	JP 1986-8445	19860117
	JP 06096693	B4	19941130		
	CA 1293579	A1	19911224	CA 1987-527556	19870116
	EP 238166	A2	19870923	EP 1987-300438	19870119
	EP 238166	A3	19880720		
	EP 238166	B1	19910918		
	EP 238166	B2	19940921		
	R: DE, FR,	GB			
PRAI	JP 1986-8443		19860117		
	JP 1986-8445		19860117		

The title compns. having excellent workability and storability and providing high-gloss smooth-surfaced coatings contain (A) film-forming polymer, (B) volatile org. thinner in which the above polymer is dissolved or dispersed, and (C) 3-dimensional resin particles (av. diam. 0.01-10 .mu.) contg. -NHY- group (Y = CONH, CO2, CO). A dispersion of 20 parts 90 m.mu.-diam. 3-dimensional resin particles (from styrene 35, ethylene glycol dimethacrylate 35, Bu acrylate 26, and PhCH2NHCONHCH2CH2O2CCMe:CH2 4 parts) in xylene 42, MIBK 30, and BuOH 8 parts was mixed with 280 parts 50%-solids varnish (from styrene 300, 2-ethylhexyl methacrylate 400, 2-ethylhexyl acrylate 107, 2-hydroxyethyl methacrylate 162, and methacrylic acid 31 parts in xylene) and 120 parts U-Van 20 SE-60, thinned with xylene to Ford Cup No. 4 viscosity 25 s, spray-coated 40 .mu. thick on a vertical tinplate, set 5 min, and baked at 140.degree. for 25 min.

IT 110782-99-5

RN

RL: TEM (Technical or engineered material use); USES (Uses) (coatings, contg. crosslinked acrylic polymer particles, high-solids) 110782-99-5 CAPLUS

CN 2-Propenoic acid, 2-methyl-, polymer with ethenylbenzene, 2-ethylhexyl 2-methyl-2-propenoate, 2-ethylhexyl 2-propenoate, 2-hydroxyethyl 2-methyl-2-propenoate and 2-[[[(phenylmethyl)amino]carbonyl]amino]ethyl 2-methyl-2-propenoate (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

CM 1

CRN 110782-91-7 CMF C14 H18 N2 O3

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L13 ANSWER 51 OF 69 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2002 ACS
AN
     1989:202728 CAPLUS
     110:202728
DN
TI
    Magenta coupler monomer, polymeric magenta coupler and recording material
     for color photography therefrom
IN
    Helling, Guenter
    Agfa-Gevaert A.-G., Fed. Rep. Ger.
PA
     Eur. Pat. Appl., 18 pp.
SO
     CODEN: EPXXDW
DT
     Patent
LΑ
    German
FAN.CNT 1
     PATENT NO.
                     KIND DATE
                                           APPLICATION NO.
                                                            DATE
                     ____
                           19881214
                                           EP 1988-108645
                                                            19880531
PΙ
     EP 294681
                     A2
     EP 294681
                      A3
                           19910306
     EP 294681
                           19940302
                      В1
        R: BE, DE, FR, GB
                                           DE 1987-3722497 19870708
     DE 3722497
                     A1
                           19881229
     US 4921782
                            19900501
                                           US 1988-200541
                                                            19880531
                      Α
     JP 64002046
                      A2
                            19890106
                                           JP 1988-135766
                                                            19880603
PRAI DE 1987-3719401
                            19870611
    DE 1987-3722497
                            19870708
     CASREACT 110:202728
OS
     Polymeric magenta couplers giving magenta dye images with a high Dmax are
AB
     prepd. by using a polymerizable unit from a carboxyl group-contg.
     polymerizable pyrazoloazole coupler of the formula I (R1 = H, alkyl,
     aralkyl, or aryl; X = H or a group releaseable upon coupling; Za, Zb, or
     Zc = an optionally substituted methine, N, or NH group; .gtoreq.1 of R1
     and X or a substituent on Za, Zb, or Zc contains ethylenically unsatd.
     group; and .gtoreq.1 of R1 and X or a substituent on Za, zb, or Zc
     contains a CO2H group). A typical magenta coupler, obtained by polymn. of
     Et acrylate and II, was used in a color photog. material to produce a
    magenta image with a high Dmax.
IT
     120398-17-6P 120398-24-5P 120416-19-5P
     RL: PREP (Preparation)
        (prepn. and photog. coupler applications of)
     120398-17-6 CAPLUS
RN
CN
     .beta.-Alanine, N-[4-[3-(3-chloro-2-methyl-3H-imidazo[1,5-b]pyrazol-6-
     y1)propoxy]pheny1]-N-[[[2-[(2-methyl-1-oxo-2-propenyl)oxy]ethyl]amino]carb
     onyl]-, polymer with butyl 2-propenoate (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)
     CM
         1
```

· CRN 120397-80-0

CMF C25 H30 C1 N5 O6

CRN 141-32-2 CMF C7 H12 O2

RN 120398-24-5 CAPLUS

CN .beta.-Alanine, N-[4-[3-(3-chloro-2-methyl-3H-imidazo[1,5-b]pyrazol-6-yl)propoxy]phenyl]-N-[[[2-[(2-methyl-1-oxo-2-propenyl)oxy]ethyl]amino]carb onyl]-, polymer with butyl 2-propenoate and N-(1-methylethyl)-2-propenamide (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

CM 1

CRN 120397-80-0 CMF C25 H30 C1 N5 O6

CRN 868-77-9 CMF C6 H10 O3

CM 3

CRN 688-84-6 CMF C12 H22 O2

$$\begin{array}{c|c} & \text{O} & \text{CH}_2 \\ & || & || \\ & \text{CH}_2-\text{O-C-C-Me} \\ & | \\ & \text{Et-CH-Bu-n} \end{array}$$

CM 4

CRN 103-11-7 CMF C11 H20 O2

$$\begin{array}{c} \text{O} \\ \parallel \\ \text{CH}_2\text{--O-C-CH} == \text{CH}_2 \\ \parallel \\ \text{Et-CH-Bu-n} \end{array}$$

CM 5

CRN 100-42-5 CMF C8 H8

$$H_2C = CH - Ph$$

CM 6

CRN 79-41-4 CMF C4 H6 O2

IT 110782-92-8

RL: USES (Uses)

(crosslinked particles, in high-solids acrylic coatings)

RN 110782-92-8 CAPLUS

CN 2-Propenoic acid, 2-methyl-, 1,2-ethanediyl ester, polymer with butyl 2-propenoate, ethenylbenzene and 2-[[[(phenylmethyl)amino]carbonyl]amino]e thyl 2-methyl-2-propenoate (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

CM 1

CRN 110782-91-7 CMF C14 H18 N2 O3

CM 2

CRN 141-32-2 CMF C7 H12 O2

CM 3

CRN 100-42-5 CMF C8 H8

 $H_2C = CH - Ph$

CM 4

CRN 97-90-5 CMF C10 H14 O4

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AN 1987:524300 CAPLUS
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DN 107:124300

TI Photosensitive monolayers, bilayer membranes and polymers

AU Haubs, M.; Ringsdorf, H.

CS Inst. Org. Chem., Univ. Mainz, Mainz, 6500, Fed. Rep. Ger.

SO New J. Chem. (1987), 11(2), 151-6 CODEN: NJCHE5

DT Journal

LA English

AB Photochem. variation of monolayers and liposomes using the photoisomerization of 1-iminopyridinium ylides, the photocleavage of benzylammonium salts and the photopolymn. of diacetylenes and butadienes is discussed. Photoisomerization of 1-iminopyridinium ylides was applied to a polymeric systems and is discussed with respect to the photochem. variation of polymer properties.

IT 102223-94-9 110161-79-0

RL: USES (Uses)

(photolysis of films of, for photoresist applications)

RN 102223-94-9 CAPLUS

CN Pyridinium, 1-[[[[2-[(2-methyl-1-oxo-2-propenyl)oxy]ethyl]amino]carbonyl]a mino]-, inner salt, homopolymer (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

CM 1

CRN 102223-93-8 CMF C12 H15 N3 O3

```
L13 ANSWER 59 OF 69 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2002 ACS
AN
     1986:562153 CAPLUS
DN
     105:162153
     Silver halide color photographic photosensitive materials
ΤI
IN
     Matsunaga, Satoshi; Sasaki, Takashi; Yoshimoto, Shinji; Mizukura, Noboru;
     Konishiroku Photo Industry Co., Ltd., Japan
PA
     Jpn. Kokai Tokkyo Koho, 22 pp.
SO
     CODEN: JKXXAF
DT
     Patent
     Japanese
LΑ
FAN.CNT 1
     PATENT NO.
                      KIND DATE
                                           APPLICATION NO. DATE
                      ----
PΙ
     JP 61035444
                      A2
                            19860219
                                                            19840728
                                           JP 1984-158337
AB
     The title materials contain (co)polymer cyan coupler having structural
     repeating units from monomers of the formula I (R = H, halo; R1 = H,
     alkyl; R2 = H, a group released during coupling reaction; R3 =
     ethylenically unsatd. group; Z = NHCO2, NHCONH; Z1 = org. divalent
     moiety). The cyan couplers give dye images with excellent light and heat
     fastness without causing yellow stains. Thus, color photog. paper prepd.
     by using a cyan coupler obtained by copolymn. of Me acrylate, methacrylic
     acid and II showed high optical d. and low fog.
ΙT
     104490-95-1 104490-97-3 104493-67-6
     104493-68-7
     RL: TEM (Technical or engineered material use); USES (Uses)
        (photog. cyan coupler)
RN
     104490-95-1 CAPLUS
CN
     2-Propenoic acid, 2-methyl-, 2-[[[(3,5-dichloro-2-hydroxy-4-
     methylphenyl)amino]carbonyl]amino]ethyl ester, polymer with methyl
     2-propenoate and 2-propenoic acid (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)
     CM
     CRN 103230-09-7
```

CMF C14 H16 C12 N2 O4

CRN 96-33-3 CMF C4 H6 O2

2

CM

CRN 79-10-7 CMF C3 H4 O2

RN 104490-97-3 CAPLUS

CN 2-Propenoic acid, 2-[[[(3,5-dichloro-4-ethyl-2-hydroxyphenyl)amino]carbonyl]amino]ethyl ester, polymer with ethyl 2-propenoate and 2-propenamide (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

CM 1

CRN 104490-96-2

CMF C14 H16 C12 N2 O4

$$H_{2}C = CH - C - O - CH_{2} - CH_{2} - NH - C - NH$$

$$HO$$

$$Et$$

CM 2

CRN 140-88-5 CMF C5 H8 O2

CM 3

CRN 79-06-1 CMF C3 H5 N O

RN 104493-67-6 CAPLUS

CN 2-Propenoic acid, 2-methyl-, polymer with 2-[[[(3,5-dichloro-2-hydroxy-4-methylphenyl)amino]carbonyl]amino]ethyl 2-methyl-2-propenoate and methyl 2-propenoate (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

CM 1

CRN 103230-09-7 CMF C14 H16 C12 N2 O4

$$\begin{array}{c|c} ^{H2C} \circ \\ \parallel & \parallel \\ \text{Me-} \circ \text{C-C-O-CH}_2\text{-CH}_2\text{-NH-C-NH} \\ \end{array}$$

CM 2

CRN 96-33-3 CMF C4 H6 O2

CM 3

CRN 79-41-4 CMF C4 H6 O2

RN 104493-68-7 CAPLUS

CN 2-Propenoic acid, 2-[[[(3,5-dichloro-4-ethyl-2-hydroxyphenyl)amino]carbonyl]amino]ethyl ester, polymer with ethyl 2-propenoate (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

CM 1

CRN 104490-96-2 CMF C14 H16 C12 N2 O4

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H<sub>2</sub>C O
|| ||
Me-C-C-OEt
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L29 ANSWER 15 OF 17 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2002 ACS

AN 1992:449992 CAPLUS

DN 117:49992

TI Thioxanthone compounds and **photosensitive** compositions containing them

IN Ohayashi, Hiroharu; Minami, Toru; Noda, Mariko; Hasegawa, Kenichi

PA Sanyo Chemical Industries, Ltd., Japan

SO Jpn. Kokai Tokkyo Koho, 8 pp.

CODEN: JKXXAF

DT Patent

LA Japanese

FAN.CNT 1

PΤ

PATENT NO. KIND DATE APPLICATION NO. DATE

----JP 04026687 A2 19920129 JP 1990-132788 19900523

OS MARPAT 117:49992

AB The title compns., useful for printing plates, coatings, adhesives, etc., contain unsatd. thioxanthones I (R = H, Me; A = Cl-7 alkylene; Y, Y' = Cl-6 alkyl, alkoxy, alkylthio, halo, nitro, amino, Cl-6 alkylamino, hydroxyalkylamino, alkanoylamino, sulfonamido, Ac; n = 1-4; m, q = 0-3). Thus, treating 2.5 g 2-hydroxythioxanthone with 1.8 g 2-isocyanatoethyl methacrylate in AcNMe2 in presence of dibutyltin dilaurate gave 2.8 g unsatd. urethane, which was blended with PMMA, Et diethylaminobenzoate, Kayaset Blue 136, and CH2Cl2, then applied on an Al sheet and dried to give a photosensitive sheet with high sensitivity and good storage stability.

IT 142416-98-6P 142416-99-7P 142417-00-3P

RL: PREP (Preparation)

(prepn. of)

RN 142416-98-6 CAPLUS

CN 2-Propenoic acid, 2-methyl-, 2-[[[(9-oxo-9H-thioxanthen-7-yl)oxy]carbonyl]amino]ethyl ester, homopolymer (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

CM 1

CRN 142415-27-8 CMF C20 H17 N O5 S

RN 142416-99-7 CAPLUS

CN 2-Propenoic acid, 2-methyl-, 2-[[[(2-methyl-9-oxo-9H-thioxanthen-7-yl)oxy]carbonyl]amino]ethyl ester, homopolymer (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

CM 1

CRN 142415-28-9 CMF C21 H19 N O5 S

142417-00-3 CAPLUS RN

CN 2-Propenoic acid, 2-methyl-, (9-oxo-9H-thioxanthene-5,8diyl)bis(oxycarbonylimino-2,1-ethanediyl) ester, homopolymer (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

CM 1

142415-29-0 CRN CMF C27 H26 N2 O9 S

ANSWER 16 OF 17 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2002 ACS L29

1990:515343 CAPLUS AN

113:115343 DN

Halomethyl-1,3,5-triazines containing a monomeric moiety ΤI

IN Bonham, James A.; Rossman, Mitchell A.; Grant, Richard J.

PA Minnesota Mining and Mfg. Co., USA

Eur. Pat. Appl., 21 pp. SO

CODEN: EPXXDW

DTPatent

English LA

FAN.	CNT 1				
	PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
			-		
ΡI	EP 359430	A2	19900321	EP 1989-308688	19890829
	EP 359430	A3	19900411		
	EP 359430	B1	19950510		
	R: BE, DE,	FR, GB	, IT, NL		
	JP 02149570	A2	19900608	JP 1989-231344	19890906
	JP 2825547	B2	19981118		
	KR 9705533	B1	19970417	KR 1989-12839	19890906
	US 5387682	Α	19950207	US 1993-49555	19930419
	US 5496504	Α	19960305	US 1994-345594	19941128
PRAI	US 1988-241691	Α	19880907		
	US 1990-555301	B1	19900718		
	US 1993-49555	A3	19930419		
0.0		142			

os MARPAT 113:115343

The title compns. [I; A = mono-, di- and trihalomethyl; M = polymerizable AΒ monomeric moiety capable of undergoing free radical or ionic chain

polymn., e.g. acrylate, methacrylate, acrylamide, vinyl ether, allyl ether, epoxide, and allyl amine group; L = covalent bond or group; Y = anygroup of A or LM, NHR, NR2, OR, (un) substituted alkyl, alkenyl, or (hetero)aryl; R = (un)substituted alkyl, aryl], radiation -sensitive compds. having a photo-labile halomethyl-1,3,5-triazine moiety and .gtoreq.1 polymerizable moiety within 1 mol., were prepd. I are photoinitiators for printing, duplicating, copying, and other imaging compns. that can be stimulated by actinic radiation at wavelengths of .apprx.250-900 nm to generate free radicals, and can be used to prep. 1,3,5-triazine-substituted polymers. PhMe soln. of 0.006 mol 2,4-bis(trichloromethyl)-6-isocyanato-1,3,5-triazine was added to a PhMe soln. of 0.008 mol 2-hydroxyethyl acrylate, 12 drops di-n-butyltin dilaurate, and 100 mg phenothiazine, and the reaction mixt. was stirred 24-72 h at room temp. under N to give I (A = Y = CCl3, LM = NHCO2CH2CH2O2CCH:CH2). A total of 23 I were prepd. One example illustrated the use of I as initiators in light-sensitive coatings.

IT 128930-95-0P

RL: SPN (Synthetic preparation); PREP (Preparation)
 (prepn. of)

RN 128930-95-0 CAPLUS

CN 2-Propenoic acid, 2-methyl-, 2-[[[3-[4,6-bis(trichloromethyl)-1,3,5-triazin-2-yl]phenoxy]carbonyl]amino]ethyl ester, polymer with octyl 2-propenoate (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

CM 1

CRN 128930-94-9 CMF C18 H14 C16 N4 O4

CM 2

CRN 2499-59-4 CMF C11 H20 O2

L29 ANSWER 17 OF 17 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2002 ACS

AN 1990:488285 CAPLUS

DN 113:88285

TI Lithographic plate blanks for electrophotographic plate making

IN Kato, Eiichi; Ishii, Kazuo

PA Fuji Photo Film Co., Ltd., Japan

SO Jpn. Kokai Tokkyo Koho, 30 pp.

CODEN: JKXXAF

DT Patent

LA Japanese

FAN.CNT 2

	PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
ΡI	JP 02015277	A2	19900118	JP 1988-17421	19880129
	US 4971871	Α	19901120	US 1989-303508	19890130
PRAI	JP 1988-17421		19880129		
	JP 1988-22062		19880203		

AB In the title blank composed of an elec. conductive support and .gtoreq.1 photoconductive layer comprising photoconductive ZnO and a binder, the binder resin contains .gtoreq.1 functional groups capable of yielding upon decompn., a SH, phospho., NH2, and(or) a SO3H group, and incorporates a crosslinking agent.

IT 128635-61-0

RL: USES (Uses)

(photoconductive layer contg., for lithog. plate blanks for electrophotog. plate making)

RN 128635-61-0 CAPLUS

CN 2-Propenoic acid, 2-methyl-, butyl ester, polymer with 1,6-diisocyanatohexane, 2-[[(2,6-dimethylphenoxy)carbonyl]amino]ethyl 2-methyl-2-propenoate and 4-hydroxybutyl 2-methyl-2-propenoate (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

CM 1

CRN 128382-30-9 CMF C15 H19 N O4

$$\begin{array}{c|c} \mathsf{O} & \mathsf{CH}_2 \\ || & || & || \\ \mathsf{O}-\mathsf{C}-\mathsf{NH}-\mathsf{CH}_2-\mathsf{CH}_2-\mathsf{O}-\mathsf{C}-\mathsf{C}-\mathsf{Me} \\ \\ \mathsf{Me} & \\ \end{array}$$

CM 2

CRN 997-46-6 CMF C8 H14 O3

$$\begin{array}{c|c} & \text{O} & \text{CH}_2 \\ & || & || \\ \text{HO- (CH}_2)_4 - \text{O-C-C-Me} \end{array}$$

CM 3

CRN 822-06-0 CMF C8 H12 N2 O2

OCN-(CH₂)₆-NCO

CRN 97-88-1 CMF C8 H14 O2

$$\begin{array}{c} \text{O} \quad \text{CH}_2 \\ \parallel \quad \parallel \\ \text{n-BuO-C-C-Me} \end{array}$$

(FILE 'HOME' ENTERED AT 12:40:16 ON 02 JUL 2002)

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FILE 'REGISTRY' ENTERED AT 12:40:29 ON 02 JUL 2002
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L1
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L2
                QUE L2 AND L1
L3
              0 S L3 FULL
L4
L5
                SCREEN 970 AND 2067
                STRUCTURE UPLOADED
L6
L7
                QUE L6 AND L5
L8
             97 S L7 FULL
L9
                SCREEN 970 AND 2067
L10
                STRUCTURE UPLOADED
L11
                QUE L10 AND L9
L12
              0 S L11 FULL
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L13
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L14
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L15
                QUE L15 AND L14
L16
              0 S L16 FULL
L17
                SCREEN 970 AND 2067
L18
                STRUCTURE UPLOADED
L19
L20
                OUE L19 AND L18
L21
            121 S L20 FULL
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L22
            74 S L21
  FILE 'REGISTRY' ENTERED AT 13:24:46 ON 02 JUL 2002
                SCREEN 970 AND 2067
L23
L24
                STRUCTURE UPLOADED
L25
                QUE L24 AND L23
            129 S L25 FULL
L26
     FILE 'CAPLUS' ENTERED AT 13:25:21 ON 02 JUL 2002
           90 S L26
L27
         619981 S ANTIREFLECTIVE OR RADIATION OR PHOTOSENSITIVE
L28
             17 S L27 AND L28
L29
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